Newport Mercury.

OL. LXXI. SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1832. NO. 3645.

...wport Mercury,

...NTED AND PUBLISHED BY

... & J. H. BARBER,

133, THAMES-STREET.

TERMS.

...LARS per annum.—$1 in advance. ...r will be discontinued (unless at the ... of the Editors) until arrearages ...

...Advertising.—Advertisements not ... a square, inserted three weeks for ... cents for each subsequent inser... Advertisements, (except where an ... open) must be paid for previous ...n.

...ool-Books, &c.

... & J.H. Barber,

...E JUST RECEIVED, ...L-BOOKS of every kind ... n Town and Country ... graphies of every kind, ... Cummings, Wooderidge's ... ;—Colburn's Arithmetic ... Murray's Grammar ... bster's, Murray's ... elling-B...

[illegible]

... NOT...

... Keeper of ... ses, Victualli... re hereby no... uncil will meet at ... MONDAY, the ... of ... xt, at 9 o'c... of grant... [illegible] ... Council are in session ... are requested to govern themselves accordingly.

By Order of Council.
... HOWLAND, Council Clerk.
...rt, Jan. 21, 1832.

NOTICE.

... Persons having demands against ... Estates of MARTHA BUCK... R, or ABBY WALDRON, both ... ewport, deceased, are request... esent them to the Subscriber, ... ose indebted to said Estates, ... payment to

...RGE ENGS, Exec'r & Adm'r.
...ort, Feb. 11, 1832.

...LET.—The House on ... (Division-Street) lately occu... Mrs. Buckmaster, dec.—Apply

...BATE NOTICES.

...Probate, Newport, Feb. 6, 1832
...REAS the Administration Account ... the Estate of STEPHEN BOWEN, ...wport, Merchant, deceased, was this ...nted for examination, and for al... It is therefore ordered, That the con... thereof be referred to a Court of Pro... be holden at the State-House in ... on the 1st Monday of March next, at 9 ... M. and that previous notice be given ...hing a copy of this order three seve... in the Newport Mercury) to all per... ested in said Estate, to appear at said ... place and be heard. By Order
... B. HOWLAND, Probate Clerk.

...Probate, Tiverton, Feb. 6, 1832.
...REAS the Final Administration Ac... ...nt on the Estate of PELEG CORY, ...verton, dec. has this day been pre... this Court, for examination and ...—It is Ordered, That the considera... ...of, be referred to a Court of Probate ...den at the Inn of Capt. George Law... ...iverton, on the first Monday of March ... o'clock A. M. and that previous no... ...iven (by publishing a copy of this ...ree several times in the Newport ...) to all persons interested in said de... Estate, to appear at said time and ...

By Order,
ASA GRAY, Probate Clerk.

...Probate, Middletown, Jan. 16th,
...REAS application has this day been ...de for Administration on the Estate ...EL WEAVER, late of Middletown. ...—It is ordered, That the considera... ...of be referred to a Court of Probate ...den at the Town-House in Middle... the third Monday in February next ...'clock P. M. and that a Copy of this ... published three several weeks in the ... Mercury, that all persons interested ...ear at said time and place, and be ...

By Order.
...WILLIAM SMITH, Probate Clerk.

REMOVAL.

WILLIAM C. COZZENS,

HAS Removed from No. 7, Washington-square, to the Shop No. 169, Thames-Street, in the Brick building (next south of the Store of Job Sherman) formerly occupied by Stephen Gould, where liberal prices will be paid for good Lace Work.

☞ The Shop will in future be open on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, and FRIDAY Evenings, from early candle-light till half past 9 o'clock.

Newport, Jan. 21.

Rhode-Island MEDICAL SOCIETY.

THE Meeting of the Censors of the RHODE-ISLAND MEDICAL SOCIETY for the Northern District, will be held at the Senate Ch...ber, in Providence ... [illegible] ...term...

[illegible] ... deceased, situated at the head of Franklin-Street, consisting of a two-story Dwelling-House, and a retail store connected therewith, with a good well of water near the door.—Also, The House and Lot next south.—The Estate is too well known to require a particular description.—Likewise, A Building Lot pleasantly situated in John-street, on the Hill.—The above Estates will be Sold at Public Auction, on the first day of April next, unless previously disposed of at private Sale.—For terms, apply to JAMES PITMAN.

Newport, Feb. 11.

TO LET,

A FARM on the South end of Connanicut Island containing 200 Acres, for 5 years.—Possession given the 25th March next.—Apply to R. K. RANDOLPH, Esq. Newport, or to the subscriber at Providence.

H. B. LYMAN.
Providence, Dec. 26, 1831.

☞ WANTED,

A MAN to take charge of 10 or 15 Acres of Land, One and a half Acres of which is improved as a Garden. He must be well acquainted with Farming and Gardening.—A single man would be preferred.—Apply at the Office of the Mercury.

Newport, Jan. 14.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

THE Subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been duly appointed, and taken upon himself the trust of Executor to the last Will and Testament of

JONATHAN BOWEN,

late of Somerset, in the County of Bristol, by proving his Will, and giving bonds as the law directs; he therefore requests all persons who are indebted to said Estate, to make immediate payment, and those who have any demands thereon, to exhibit the same for settlement to

GEORGE BOWEN, Executor.
Newport, Jan. 20, 1832.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber requests, that all Persons having unsettled Accounts with him, will present the same for liquidation & settlement, without delay

S. T. NORTHAM.
Newport, Jan. 7,

Poetry.

FROM THE TOKEN FOR 1832.

THE DEAD SOLDIER.

BY MRS. SIGOURNEY.

Soldier!—She's near thee now,
For whom thy latest prayer
Was but to gaze upon her brow,
And bless her faithful care;
The death-shot in thy breast;
The death-mist o'er thine eye;
For this, thy faultering footsteps press
On, toward thy tent, to die.

She's kneeling at thy side,—
Her face of anguish, see!
How changed that bright & b...
Who left her home for thee...
The battle-smoke curls high
Above you rocking pl...
Thy comrades raise the v...
Wake, Soldier!—'tis t...

Mourn! mourn, thou de...
No more thy path forlorn...
Shall glow with earth's refulgent...
It hath no second m...
...thy ...

[illegible]

That ...
As a d...

THE CHOLERA.

The character of this pestilence, (says the New-York ATLAS,) and the possibility, if not the probability, that it will visit our shores, is a sufficient reason for making ourselves as far as possible, acquainted with its nature and history.—We therefore proceed with some further notices of recent publications in England on this subject.

"Works on the subject of Cholera have so multiplied on our hands, that we are obliged to notice a number at a time.—We have arranged our titles according to subject, and given precedence to the question of contagion, as one which gains by discussion; though it may be remarked, that very few write to prove that cholera is contagious, because where it exists every one thinks so—the uneducated and the ignorant have the fact forced upon their cognizance; and there would be hardly any doubts upon the subject if certain medical men did not—partly out of mistaken philanthrophy, and partly because they think there would be much credit gained in proving the great body of society in error—come forward and support, oftentimes with the greatest ingenuity, opinions contrary to those held by the generality of persons, and thus put into the power of others totally unacquainted with the subject, and incapable of discussing it in any one of its bearings, to make a tool of their opinions—authorising them in the prosecution of measures alike disgraceful to themselves, prejudicial to the cause of humanity, and deadly destructive to our poor and unprovided, though liege, fellow-countrymen.

There are others, however, who after having studied the disease itself, and watched the mode of its propagation, have come to the conclusion, that it is not communicable from one person to another. Their opinions are deserving of the highest respect, and should be well weighed and examined before any judgment is pronounced, more especially as they will always have great influence upon the mode in which different practitioners may view the same facts.

The central Board of Health formed in this country adopted precautions against the arrival of the cholera, modified by the political situation of the country, and the genius of the people, but directed to the prevention and cure of a contagious disease. We are indebted to Dr. Macmichael's letter for an explanation of these measures. ... masterly, well-... ar-like production. ... curious—"Should the disease unhappily reach this country, will the ... ingenuity of ... out some plausible arguments by which they will endeavor to prove that, though the very ship which may import it should be pointed out, yet there was some accidental coincidence between the arrival of the vessel and the break...

[illegible]

...work on the ..., by Dr. Ewertz, a practitioner of Dunaburg, in European Russia, is similar to that recommended by the Central Board of Health, only not using calomel & opium. Frictions are more particularly recommended over the region of the heart with spirits of camphor; blisters in the same situation and on the pit of the stomach; vinegar should be poured on hot bricks to bring on perspiration; and in slight cases, ten grains of the bicarbonate of soda or soda or potash, dissolved in water, may be given in doses of a teaspoonful every hour. By this plan of treatment, with a population hardly exceeding 5000 souls, out of 745 sick, only 75 died."

YOUTH.—How often has it been said, that Youth is the season of enjoyment, and that the hours of the school-boy, are the happiest that can be numbered, throughout the progress of a life. The thoughts are untramelled by the images of care, that multiply on the vision, when the period of manhood commences, and the reveries, free as the surrounding air, dwell upon the bright scenes and sunny spots of an imaginative world, far dearer and happier than the one ordained for a future experience. The sweet anticipations of childhood, and the gratification at their indulgence, the eager aspirations of Youth, and the joy at their fulfilment, are themes for the Moralist who can behold the apportionment of happiness to every lot, and subjects of exultation to the Philanthropist who delights in the enjoyment of man from his earliest to his latest stage. The Philosopher regards the child, as the wondrous creature, within whom resides the germ of corporeal power, and mental magnificence; he watches him at his play, and can detect the dawn of a mighty intelligence, can espy the future hero or scholar in the present child, and from the games of youth, prognosticate the nobler efforts that will spring from the man.—There are many instances recorded where the most celebrated characters of history, have been prophets of their own eminence in childhood; a halo, as it were, has surrounded them, and respect, nay almost reverence, has unconsciously been paid to the boy. We are all disposed to regard the age of innocence with affection, for its beauty as well as its feebleness invites our sympathy and attachment; but, we should do more, we should consider it with grave attention, study it, and in learning ... from its simplicity, bend ... its direction and ... We must remember ... that his virtuous ... by the young, ... influence of his example ... instruction out of the question, there can be little doubt that the very actions and expression of others would be imitated so faithfully, ...

[illegible] ...com... ...y of ... e date,

JUDEA.—M. Chateaubriand remarks, that when you travel in Judea, the heart is at first filled with profound melancholy. But when passing from solitude to solitude, boundless space opens before you, this feeling wears off by degrees, and you experience a secret awe, that so far from depressing the soul, imparts life and elevates the genius. Extraordinary appearances every where proclaim a land teeming with miracles. The burning sun, the towering eagle, the barren fig tree, all the pictures of Scripture are here. Every name commemorates a mystery; every grotto announces a prediction; every hill re-echoes the accent of a prophet. God himself has spoken in these regions, dried up rivers, rent the rocks and opened the grave. The desert still appears mute with terror; and you would imagine that it never presumed to interrupt the silence since it heard the awful voice of the Eternal.

The imaginations of some good American folks are already cholera-stricken. The danger is yet so far off that, though certain precautions may be discussed without utter supererogation, a panic would seem to be quite premature. Cleanliness, ventilation, bettering the condition of the poor, are the true safeguards. The cholera finds aliment in the squalid wretchedness and brutal habits of the European populace;—its natural prey is not abundant in our country. Its haunts are, very narrow, dirty streets and lanes, filthy hovels, and generally those scenes where indigence and vice wallow in their extreme misery, grossness and turpitude.—Nat. Gazette.

COMBUSTION.—The Philadelphia Gazette of Thursday afternoon, says,—Just as the southern mail was leaving this city for the north, this morning, the mail bag was discovered to be on fire. It was immediately opened; fears being entertained that some hot political papers of opposite opinions had got together and were consuming each other up, somewhat after the manner of the Kilkenny cats. Several packages were burning, and one quite in a blaze. It is supposed to have arisen from unextinguished sealing wax:—or perhaps from spontaneous combustion. Conjectures as to any other cause are, to use the ordinary parlance, "shrouded in mystery."

Twenty-Second Congress.

FIRST SESSION.

IN SENATE, MONDAY, FEB. 6, 1831.

Mr. Smith presented the memorial of Charles Carroll, of Carrolton, and about two thousand other citizens of Maryland, praying for the renewal of the charter of the Bank of the United States, which was referred to the select committee on that subject, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Webster presented a powerful memorial from Boston, in favor of the Bank.

Nearly the whole sitting was occupied by Mr. Clay in the conclusion of his argument on the Tariff. He spoke more than three hours; and was briefly replied to by Mr. Smith of Maryland, between whom and Mr. C. some passages followed, of so warm a character as to [illegible] the interposition of the Chair.

The resolution from the House of Representatives, [illegible] arrangements [illegible] Centennial anniversary of the birth of Washington, was concurred in by the Senate, and a committee of five ordered on the part of [illegible]

[illegible]

Legislature, [illegible] banking institution [illegible] Bank of the United [illegible]

The SPEAKER presented a [illegible] from the Creek Nation of Indians, [illegible]ing certain grievances under which they labor, and praying Congress to redress the same. Some conversation took place between Mr. Bell, Mr. Sutherland, Mr. Wickliffe, and Mr Mardis, as to the proper disposition of this memorial, which was eventually referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

On motion of Mr. Hubbard, the Committee of the whole on the state of the Union was discharged from the further consideration of "the bill in addition to an act entitled an act to provide for certain persons engaged in the Land and Naval Service of the United States in the Revolutionary war." Mr. Hubbard having also moved to refer the said bill to a Committee of the Whole and make it the special order of the day for Monday next. Mr. McDuffie moved to lay this question on the table, which motion of Mr. McDuffie was negatived, by yeas and nays, 116 to 46: and the motion of Mr. Hubbard was agreed to.

Tuesday, Feb 7.

THE [illegible]KASAW TREATY.

The House resumed the consideration of the resolution moved by Mr. Everett, which has occupied a part of each morning for several days past.

Mr Fitzgerald, of Tennessee, delivered a short speech, and Mr. Ellsworth delivered one in reply; when.

On motion of Mr. Polk, the House proceeded to the orders of the day.

APPORTIONMENT BILL.

The House then preceeded to the consideration of the bill for the Apportionment of Representatives among the several States, according to the fifth census.

The question depending, when this bill was last under consideration, was upon a motion to strike out 48,000, and insert 44,000, as the ratio of representation.

The yeas and nays having been ordered upon the question—

Mr. Watmough, of Pennsylvania, addressed the House in favor of the low ratio, not upon any arithmetical argument, but upon principle.

A [illegible] of the House was then ordered and took place preparatory to the question. The doors were closed, and the members answered to their names. Of the absentees, all were excused for reasons assigned, but three. Further proceedings were then suspended, and the question was taken on striking out 48, and inserting 44, and determined by yeas and nays, as follows:—Yeas 88, Nays 102.

So the proposed amendment was negatived.

Mr. Clay, of Alabama, then moved to strike out 48, and insert 47; and supported his motion in a short speech.

A desultory debate followed, in which Mr. Johnston, of Virginia, Mr. Kerr, of Maryland, Mr. Mercer, of Virginia, Mr. Wayne, of Georgia, Mr. Doddridge, of Virginia, Mr. Irvin, of Ohio, Mr. Wilde, of Georgia, and Mr. Evans, of Maine, took part; in the course of which, attempts were made to vary the shape of the question, but without success.

A call for the previous question, (to bring the House to a direct question on the ratio of 48,) was then made by Mr. Irvin, of Ohio, but not sustained by a sufficient number of votes.

The question was then taken on substituting the ratio of 47 for that of 48, (as the bill now stands,) and decided by yeas and nays, as follows: Yeas, 65; Nays 127.

[illegible]

[illegible] to 97—the vote, in the [illegible] being ayes 97 noes 97, and the Speaker giving the casting vote in favor of the proposition. Mr. Taylor moved to recommit the bill, with instructions to strike out 44,400 and insert 53 000 as the ratio; but the proposition was negatived, and the House adjourned.

Thursday, Feb. 9.

A motion made on the preceding day to print a report of a committee of the British House of Commons on the application of steam power to the purposes of transportation on common roads, was debated for an hour and finally passed. Yeas, 120, nays, 61.

A message was received from the President communicating the convention between the United States and France, which was committed to the committee on Foreign Relations. The apportionment bill was further considered, and several motions to change the number inserted were made and negatived.—Among the motions was one by Mr. Patton, to strike out all the letters of the word forty after *f* and insert *ifty*, so as to make the clause read fifty-four thousand. This was declared to be out of order. A motion to reconsider the vote by which 48,000 was striken out, and 44,000 inserted, was pending when the House adjourned.

Friday, Feb. 10.

Mr. McDuffie, from the Committee of Ways and Means, reported a bill to renew and modify the Charter of the Bank of the United States. The bill proposes to continue the Charter for Charter for twenty years from March 3, 1836, reserving to Congress the power of repealing the act at any time after ten years from that period on giving three years notice of their intention to the Bank.—The bill was referred to a Committee of the Whole.

A counter report was presented by the minority of the same committee.—Mr. Everett's resolution was then taken up and farther discussed, but before any question was taken, the House adjourned to Monday.

Fifty four bales of Cotton from the plantation of the President of the United States, near Nashville, was sold in New Orleans, at the extraordinary price of 11 1-2 cents per lb.

BY MAILS.

NEW-ORLEANS, JAN. 23.

REVOLUTION IN MEXICO.

We have Zacatecas, Mexico, papers up to the 15th of December. A commercial friend has kindly communicated a postscript of a letter from Tampico January 11th, directed to a firm of this city. The information which it conveys, fully confirms our forbodings as to the probability of the presidential election's creating serious disturbances in the Mexican States. The following is the tenor of the postscript:

TAMPICO. January 11, 1832.

"Express, despatch, arrived here to day, informing the authorities of this place that Gen. Santa Anna had effected a movement of the troops, taken possession of the city of that name, and the castle of San Juan do Ula; and demands the removal of the whole body of ministry. We think the change will take place without much trouble."

CHARLESTON, FEB. 3.

In five years there has been but one [illegible] of value, consumed by fire in [illegible]ton, which of itself forms, nearly [illegible]teenths of the whole amount [illegible] of buildings destroyed in [illegible] that setting aside this single [illegible]uld have the remarkable [illegible]ty composed of 35,000 inhabitants, including the suburbs, having sus[illegible] from conflagration [illegible]

[illegible] plan of rebel[illegible] has been con[illegible] sent out from [illegible] time by the Anti-colonial party in England, under the name of Missionaries." A number of whites had been murdered.

Capt. Salter states that numbers had sought refuge in the mountains, and a second Maroon war would probably be the consequence. The disturbance was most extensive and general in the vicinity of Montego Bay, and the paper of the 7th gives a list of 106 sugar estates, works, &c. destroyed in the parish of St. James alone.

On the 9th, Com. Farquher made a requisition on the captains of merchant vessels in Montego Bay for all their force, which was promptly met by the organization of their crews.

The paper of the 14th, says,—"As things at present progress, there is not likely soon o be a termination of hostilities."

A letter from Montego Bay, Jamaica, dated Jan. 17th, says,—"I have to inform you that the disturbance mentioned in my last as existing among the slaves in this immediate quarter, became so alarming that, on the 31st ult. it was found necessary to put on martial law, which is most ruinous to the Island at large, being so expensive. By firing the estates, in the course of five days, they destroyed more than half this Parish, (St. James') one-third of Hanover, a few estates in Westmoreland, and some in St. Elizabeths, all bordering on this Parish. The feeling of the slaves has been much the same all over the country, but only here have they destroyed any property. It commenced here, so that in other parts, they got the alarm more timely, and were better provided to protect property and lives—numbers of lives have been taken by the slaves at the first setting out—no correct accounts can yet be obtained—very few lives have been lost since, though several desperate attacks have been made on our military posts. The slaves have always given way after the first and second round with great loss in killed and wounded, taking a great number of prisoners, among whom are many of the ring leaders—about 50 of them have been shot and hanged within the last ten days, in this little town. In all, I suppose about 600 men and women of the reble slaves have fallen and been executed in the four parishes before named. The parish of Trelawny (Falmouth the town) has suffered in lives, but no property worth mentioning lost. Thank God, the slaves are now so hemmed in, that they cannot do any more mischief, being in the interior of the country, it will take some time to bring them all in. Several hundreds gave themselves up yesterday, and I do believe the business is now drawing to a close."

February 14.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

By the arrival of the packet ship Erie from Havre, Paris papers to the 1st of January have been received by the editors of the Journal of Commerce.—They contain little additional intelligence. An open rupture between the Porte and the Vice Roy of Egypt is spoken of in letters from Constantinople, and an expedition was fitting out there, which it is supposed was destined for Egypt. A Paris paper of Dec 31 says:

"The precarious state of M. Sebastiani's health has at length brought the question of his retreat to an issue. M. Perier, as we have already stated, will keep the portfolio of Foreign Affairs, which he had taken provisionally. M. d'Argout will have the whole management of the department of the Interior. The Ordonnance which is to announce the official character of these changes in the Council will be published very shortly."

The Paris correspondent of the Journal du Havre, under date of 31st, says:

"The ne[illegible] which reaches us from [illegible]

[illegible] munication with the shore, until after six days of observation; those from Gibraltar (unless in ballast) were subject to the same period. News had been received that fruit was in demand in the U. States, but none of any kind whatever to be obtained, in shipping order, in the place; the constant rains having entirely ruined the late crop.

BOSTON, Feb 15.—The New England Museum, belonging to Mr. Greenwood which occupies the upper stories of an extensive range of brick buildings on court street, extending from Cornhill, (formerly Market) to Brattle street, was discovered to be on fire yesterday between two and three o'clock. The fire originated in the upper loft which was filled with combustible materials. The roof was burnt through in places, and must have been entirely consumed, but for the partial protection of the slate with which it was covered. The reservoir in State street, furnished a very opportune supply of water, and by preventing the fire getting vent, the department succeeded in confining it to the interior of the building.

The properties of the Museum was greatly injured, principally by the water, which also damaged the goods in the stores below. The roof of the building is nearly destroyed.

THE BOUNDARY QUESTION.—We publish to day the report of the Committee of the Legislature on the subject of the negociations relative to the north eastern boundary, with the resolutions submitted by them for adoption by the Legislature. The report gives a distinct view of the present state of the question. It takes the ground that the decision of the King of the Netherlands is not binding on the parties, it not being a decision of any of the points referred to him, but the recommendation of an entirely new boundary—and that to adopt this new boundary would be making a cession of territory, which the government of the United States has no authority to make, without the consent of the states of Maine and Massachusetts, which have an immediate interest in the territory, which would be so ceded.

Boston Adver. & Patriot.

If ink would keep away the cholera, surely it has done its part, there having been no less than 227 works upon the subject published in England and elsewhere within the last few months.

The Mercury.

NEWPORT,

SATURDAY MORNING, FEB. 1[illegible]

THE TWENTY-SECOND of FEBR[illegible]

Our mail papers are filled with no[illegible] preparations, for celebrating the C[illegible]nial Anniversary of the Birth-D[illegible] WASHINGTON—a laudable spirit is [illegible] and in almost every city, town, and [illegible] in our country, the Day will be no[illegible] a very becoming manner.

CENTENNIAL ANNIVERSA[illegible]

The Committee of Arrangements [illegible] celebration of the Centennial Anni[illegible] of the Birth-Day of Washington, re[illegible] fully announce to the inhabitants of [illegible] port and its vicinity, that the Pro[illegible] will be formed at Townsend's Coffee[illegible] on Wednesday, the 22d inst. at hal[illegible] o'clock A. M. under the direction of [illegible] B. Cranston, Esq. Chief Marshal, [illegible] following order:—

Military Escort,
Chief Marshal,
Orator of the Day, and Reader of [illegible]ington's Farewell Address,
The Rev'd Clergy,
Surviving Officers and Soldiers [illegible] Revolution,
Sheriff of the County,
Officers of the State Governm[illegible]
Judges and Clerks of the Courts, [illegible]tices of the Peace,
Foreign Consuls and Vice-Con[illegible]
Town-Sergeant,
Town-Council, Treasurer, and [illegible]
Committee of Arrangements
[illegible] Officers of the Battle of [illegible]
[illegible]y and
[illegible]d suite,
[illegible] State,
[illegible]
[illegible] Cu[illegible]
[illegible] Custom[illegible]
[illegible] Asylum,
[illegible] Scho[illegible]
[illegible] School [illegible]
[illegible] Public [illegible]
[illegible] Society,
[illegible] Society,
[illegible]' Association,
[illegible]arshal,
[illegible] and Strangers.

[illegible] will move from th[illegible] and Thames-Stre[illegible] to the 2d Baptist M[illegible] the Farewell Addr[illegible] Washington will be read, and an O[illegible] Hon. Wm. Hun[illegible] by the ch[illegible] Benj. Mar[illegible] will be open [illegible] at 9 o'clock, a[illegible] are requested to occupy the side pe[illegible] the pews in the gallery.

A salute of 13 guns will be fire[illegible] morning, 100 at noon, and 24 at su[illegible] the Artillery Company command[illegible] Col. N. G. Boss,

JOHN P. MANN, *Chai[illegible]*
J. WILLIAMS, jr. *Secretary.*

THE TARIFF.—In the House [illegible] presentatives of the U. S. on the [illegible] Mr. McDuffie, from the Comm[illegible] Ways and Means, made a Report, [illegible]panied by a bill to reduce the duties [illegible] ports. The Report is from the [illegible] Mr. McDuffie, and his opinions on t[illegible] ject of the Tariff are well known [illegible] following is the concluding parag[illegible] the Report, and as the Intelligencer r[illegible] shows, that a majority of the com[illegible] occupy no middle ground, but boldly [illegible] their flag, with the inscription, "N[illegible] tection!"

"Upon the whole, then, the pro[illegible] system is utterly ruinous to the [illegible] States, injurious to the Western [illegible] and exclusively beneficial to the m[illegible]turing States; and ought to be ab[illegible] with all convenient and practible d[illegible] upon every principle of justice, pat[illegible] and sound policy."

APPORTIONMENT BILL.—[illegible] Bill is not yet definitively acted on [illegible] House of Representatives of the U[illegible] The Intelligencer of Friday remarks, [illegible] seems to be as far as ever from bei[illegible]justed. The question now pending [illegible] reconsider the vote by which 48,0[illegible] stricken out, and 44,000 to each re[illegible]tative inserted.

REMOVAL OF FREE NEGROES.—[illegible] subject still engages the attention [illegible] Virginia Legislature. The bill pr[illegible] that all free persons of color in tha[illegible] monwealth, shall be removed to Libe[illegible] other places on the western coast of A[illegible] or elsewhere; and appropriates fo[illegible] purpose $100,000 for the year 1833, [illegible] $200,000 per ann. for subsequent [illegible] until the object is accomplished.

The Savannah Georgian says, w[illegible] sorry to learn by the Thomas Dick[illegible] from Havre, that Gen. Lafayette had [illegible] for some days confined to his bed [illegible] severe indisposition.

[illegible]NK OF THE U. STATES.—In [illegible] House of Representatives of the U. S. [illegible]riday, the 10th inst. Mr. McDuffie, [illegible] the Committee of Ways and Means, [illegible]ted a Bill for the renewal of the Char[illegible] the Bank of the U. S.—The follow[illegible]re some of the provisions in the bill.

[illegible]e term for which it is proposed to re[illegible]he charter, is 20 years from 3d March, [illegible] (the date of the expiration of the [illegible]t charter) with a reservation to [illegible]ess of the power to repeal the charter [illegible] time after ten years.

[illegible] President shall have power to ap[illegible]one Director of each Branch, on the [illegible]onditions that he appoints a portion [illegible] Directors of the Mother Bank. It is [illegible]ed to prohibit the issue of drafts for [illegible]ion of twenty dollars, or under, and [illegible]hereof to authorise other officers [illegible] President and Cashier of the Pa[illegible]nk to sign the notes of the Bank.—[illegible] branches in each State shall be [illegible] to be taxed according to the laws [illegible]tate in which they may be located. [illegible] United States shall be paid an [illegible] —— on all deposits. That af[illegible] March, 1836, the Bank shall not [illegible] any branches, without the con[illegible] Congress.—This it will be seen, is [illegible]odification of the present Charter.

[illegible]ill was accompanied by a long re[illegible]ich is not yet published. A coun[illegible]t has been made by two of the [illegible]ee, who oppose the report of the [illegible].

[illegible]ATY WITH FRA[illegible]

[illegible]ith France, of which th[illegible] exchanged at Washin[illegible] were on Thursday [illegible]ess, by the Pr[illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] Gover[illegible] [illegible]ll distribut[illegible] the [illegible]hich it sha[illegible] [illegible], provide[illegible] at Paris in [illegible]erest at [illegible] the instal[illegible] and 4, [illegible] U. S. on [illegible]eing [illegible]c. is to pay [illegible] the sum of 1,500,000 francs, in six [illegible] instalments, [illegible] 5 and 6, [illegible] [illegible]on of [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] shall be admitted [illegible] [illegible] of the Union at duties which [illegible] exceed the following rates by the [illegible] wit: 6 cents for red wine in casks; [illegible] for white wine for casks; and 22 [illegible] wines of all sorts in bottles. [illegible], provides for the exchange of rati[illegible].

[illegible]INGTON'S BIRTH-DAY.—The Na[illegible] Intelligencer of Saturday last, says: "[illegible] readers will learn, we are sure with [illegible], that the Joint Committee of the [illegible]ses of Congress, appointed to [illegible]angements for the celebration of [illegible]enary Anniversary of the birth-day [illegible]INGTON, on Friday came to a Re[illegible] to propose to honor the day, by re[illegible]ing to the two Houses the execu[illegible] the Resolution of Congress of 1799, [illegible] to have the remains of that illus[illegible] Patriot and Sage (with the consent [illegible]es) brought to Washington, for [illegible]."

[illegible]A ABATED AT SMYRNA.—Capt. [illegible] of the Brig Henry, arrived at New[illegible] from Smyrna, left on the 12th of Nov. [illegible] Cholera, which had raged violently [illegible] had carried off four or five hun[illegible]y, had abated; the deaths were [illegible] or five when the Henry left.—[illegible] was nearly restored.

[illegible] AND IMPORTANT FROM JAMAICA.

By the Brig Montilla, which sailed [illegible] Kingston on the 27th January, the [illegible] of the N. Y. Daily Advertiser [illegible] received files of papers to the day [illegible].—The insurrection had nearly [illegible]. The injury to property had [illegible] great; upwards of 150 Plan[illegible] had been destroyed; loss of pro[illegible] said to be fifteen millions. About [illegible] Blacks were supposed to have [illegible] killed, and 500 had fled to the [illegible]ns. At one time, it was said [illegible] negroes were under arms. The [illegible] exertions are made in all parts [illegible] Island by the Military to preserve [illegible] Court Martials are held in all [illegible] the trial of the Blacks. The [illegible]r had visited several of the dis[illegible] districts which had produced the [illegible] effects. The details given of [illegible]ruction of lives and property [illegible] distressing. On the 23d Jan. [illegible] Law was continued for thirty [illegible]nger.

[illegible] Wednesday last, the Cotton fac[illegible] Mr. Elisha Cole of Southbridge, [illegible] destroyed by fire.

MEXICO.—Our advices from Vera Cruz, by the last packet, to the 4th of January, stated that a change had taken place in the Government of that place—that General St. Anna had at the request of the troops assumed the command, taken possession of the Castle, and demanded of the General Government a change of Ministry, and the redress of other alleged grievances. Letters were received yesterday by way of Havana, dated at Vera Cruz on the 13th of January, which state it was ascertained that the General Government would not listen to the pretensions of St. Anna, and that troops were on the march from Mexico and other parts of the interior against the place. It seems probable, therefore, that another civil war was about to take place in that country.

The Havana papers of the 24th ult. announce the arrival of the British packet Camden, in 10 days from Vera Cruz, bringing accounts that the Mexican government had ordered a force of 4000 men to attack the place, and had offered a large reward to any person who would assassinate St. Anna. The captain of the packet reported that the people of Vera Cruz were in great consternation.

QUARANTINE.—A Proclamation has been issued from the Health Office of Philadelphia, directing that all vessels arriving from any port or place in the North of England, and from all ports in Europe, the Mediterranean [illegible]

[illegible] tions [illegible] [illegible]) [illegible] [illegible] what he [illegible] [illegible].

SHOCKING EFFECTS OF INTEMPERANCE.—Scarcely does a week, (we might truly say, seldom does a day) pass, that we are not obliged to record an instance of the affecting evils resulting from the use of intoxicating liquors. The Buffalo Journal contains the following details of one of the most brutal outrages ever perpetrated:—

HORRID MURDER.—We learn from a respectable source, that on the 21st ult. a man residing in the Gore District, Upper Canada, whose name is Sovereign, murdered his wife & six of his children, comprising the whole of his family, except one child, and this, as we understand, was in bed with two others, who were killed, but being small had crawled down under the clothes, and was not discovered by its cruel father. The circumstances, as related to us, were as follows: Sovereign who is an intemperate man, called at his brother's, who lives near and keeps a tavern, and asked for liquor, which was refused. From this he became enraged, went home and threw one of his children on the fire, and proceeded to kill his wife and the rest of his children, but by what means, our informant did not learn. After completing the work of destruction, he returned to his brother's and said that two negroes had been at his house and killed all his family, and requested his brother and his brother's son to take their rifles and go with him to the spot. They accordingly went, and just as they were entering the door, he endeavored to get the young man's rifle with a view to kill them also; but the precaution of his brother prevented the delivery of the rifle, and this in all probability saved their lives. He has been arrested, and is now in jail to await his trial. He had stabbed himself in several places, but the wounds were not considered dangerous.

The dwelling of Mr. James Lewis, Suffield, Conn. was burnt about midnight of 10th inst. It was occupied by his mother's family also, amounting to eighteen persons, who escaped with nothing but their night clothes, and in this condition were obliged to go a quarter of a mile in a cold storm to reach the nearest house. They suffered greatly and were badly frozen. A dog first gave the alarm by forcing open Mr. L's chamber door: otherwise some of the family would very probably have been burnt.

STEAMBOAT ACCIDENT.—The Mobile Patriot of the 14th ult. says, we understand that the steamboat Wild Cat burst her boiler while endeavoring to land at Arcola. The son of capt. Bell was so badly scalded that his recovery was scarcely expected. A negro man scalded, died in a short time after the accident happened.

It appears by a letter from Don F. D. Vives, Captain General of Cuba, to the American Consul at Havana, that the King of Spain, yielding to the solicitations of that officer, has recalled him, and appointed General Don M. Ricaforte in his stead.

It is stated in the New Bedford Gazette, that one of the crew of whaling ship Leper of Nantucket, a black man, while at Tombez, had been employed in wooding the vessel, and asked the mate for an extra allowance of rum, which was refused, and he was ordered forward. The seaman not obeying, the mate went below, brought up a pair of pistols, and discharged one without effect, after again ordering the man to [illegible]. He then discharged the other [illegible] the man who died a [illegible] crew insisted that [illegible] given up to the au[illegible] captain protected hi[illegible] in the ship.

Accidents.—[illegible]

[illegible] nature of [illegible] relief of the sick. [illegible] one cent a day, and [illegible] four dollars a week. In two years, beside the relief afforded, the society have accumulated $700.

The Fitchburg Gazette states that a physician in a neighboring town, was at great pains lately, to procure the necessary materials, and went the rounds to vaccinate the childrens of his patrons, giving them strict injunctions not to scratch when their arms were sore. In a few days, the disposition of the children to scratch was irresistible, and it was found that they had been inoculated with the *Itch!*

Count Leon is stated to have behaved unhandsomely at Economy, Pa. in enticing away 100 of the settlers at Messrs. Rapps, while enjoying their hospitality with 30 or 40 of his retinue.

☞ *NOTICE.*—The Members of the RELIEF SOCIETY are requested to meet at the House of Mr. JOHN STEVENS, in Duke-Street, on Monday Evening next, the 20th inst.

☞ NOTICE.—The Anti-Masons of the Town of Newport are notified, that a meeting will be held on Saturday Evening, Feb. 18th, at 6 o'clock, at N. Hassard's Hotel, to choose Delegates to the Convention, to be holden at Providence on the 22d inst.

BRIGHTON MARKET.—*Monday Feb.* 13.
(Reported for the Boston Advertiser & Patriot.)

At Market this day, 497 Beef Cattle 10 Cows and Calves, and 147 Sheep.

PRICES.—*Beef Cattle*—It was expected in the morning that the large number at market would have caused considerable reduction in the price, but being short last week, a large number of buyers appeared; for the best qualities former prices were well supported, poorer qualities some reduction. We quote 3 or 4 yoke at $6, extra at $5 62 a 5 75; prime $5 25 a 5 50, good 4 05 a $5, thin $4 25 a 4 50.

Cows and Calves.—We noticed one sale at $20, and one at $30. Several other sales, of which we did not obtain the price.

Sheep.—The sale of only one lot was effected at about $4 75 each.

(From the Boston Courier.)

Prices of WOOL at Boston, Feb. 13.—Prime or Saxony Fleeces, 65 a 75 cents per lb.; American full blood washed wool, 60 to 65 cts.; do. 3-4 do. 56 to 62; 1-2 do. 50 to 53; 1-4 do. 45 to 50; superfine pulled lambs, 60 to 65; 1st sort, 55 to 60; 2d do. 42 to 45; 3d do. 35 to 38; spinning 1st sort, 48 to 50 cts. per lb.

WOOL.—There has been a fair demand for Fleece and pulled Wool, without any material change on prices.

MARRIED,

At Tiverton on the 2d inst. Mr. Benjamin R. Almy, of Portsmouth, to Miss Hannah Evans, daughter of Mr. David Evans, of Tiverton.

At Fall-River, Ms. on the 8th inst. Mr. James Holt to Miss Hannah Bush, daughter of Mr. Hazard Bush, formerly of this town.

At New-York on Thursday evening, the 9th inst. Mr. Robert B. Coleman to Miss Susan M. Angevine, both of New-York.

DIED,

At Fort-Wolcott on the 11th inst. Baptist Le Loquet, a native of St. Peters, France, a soldier of Company G. 3d Reg. U. S. Artillery aged 35 years.

At Portsmouth, yesterday, Mrs. Ann Thomas, widow of Mr. Richard Thomas, aged 75 years. Funeral To-morrow Afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from her late residence in Portsmouth.

At Providence on Monday last, Mrs. Anne Jones, widow of Gov. William Jones.

WEEKLY ALMANACK.

1832. FEBRUARY.	Sun rises.	Sun sets.	High water	Moon rises
18 Saturday,	6 40	5 20	10 9	8 23
19 Sunday,	6 39	5 21	10 56	9 28
20 Monday,	6 38	5 22	[illegible] 43	[illegible] 32
21 Tuesday,	6 37	5 [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
22 Wed[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Brig Benj. Ruggles, White, from this port for Marseilles, was spoken Dec. 27th, in lat. 40 24, long. 38 50.

At Newbern 1st inst. Sch'r Jarvis Brown & Co. Fowler, from this port.

The Brig Java, Osgood, from Batavia for Salem, with a full cargo of Coffee, was totally lost on Cape Cod on Tuesday night last, crew saved.—She was insured for upwards of $100,000.

Wm James Tilley,

HAS JUST OPENED,

A FEW Pieces English and French blue, black, bottle green, brown and mixed BROADCLOTHS, to sell Cheap.

ALSO, More India Rubbers, some for Ladies and Boys, at 75 cents the pr. Will sell odd shoes.

W. J. T. would request the Ladies to bring in their LACES as soon as completed; he has LACE WORK for all who wish it.

Newport, Feb. 18.

Rhode-Island MEDICAL SOCIETY.

THE Meeting of the Censors of the RHODE-ISLAND MEDICAL SOCIETY for the Northern District, will be held at the Senate Chamber in Providence, on WEDNESDAY, the 29th inst. at 11 o'clock A. M.

S. AUGUSTUS ARNOLD, *Sec'ry.*
Providence, Feb. 17, 1832.

State of Rhode-Island, &c.

NEWPORT, sc.—Clerk's Office, Supreme Judicial Court, county of Newport, Feb. 10th, A. D. 1832.

THE Creditors of Charles T. Hazard, husbandman—Samuel B. Harris, manufacturer—Joseph H. Hayden, trader—Ann Marshall, widow—and John S. Weeden, cabinet maker,—all of the Town and County of Newport; and John Gray, yeoman, and Knight Springer, husbandman, both of Tiverton, in the county of Newport, are hereby notified to appear at the Supreme Judicial Court, to be holden at Newport on the first Monday of March next, to shew cause, if they see fit, why the Petitions of the said Charles T. Hazard, Samuel B. Harris, Joseph H. Hayden, Ann Marshall, John S. Weeden, John Gray, and Knight Springer, for the benefit of "An Act for the relief of Insolvent Debtors," passed in January, A. D. 1828, ought not to be granted.

GEORGE C. MASON, *Clerk.*

AUCTIONS.

ON TUESDAY NEXT,

At X o'clock A. M. will be Sold at Auction (if fair, if not the first fair day after.)

AT the House of the late Mrs. BUCKMASTER, nearly opposite the 4th Baptist Church, on the hill, a Quantity of **FURNITURE**, consisting of desks, bureaus, tables, chairs, looking-glasses, beds, bedding, table linen, and a variety of other articles.—By order of George Engs, Exec'r & Adm'r.

WM. LOVIE, *Auc'r.*
Newport, Feb. 18.

LAND AT AUCTION.

ON SAURDAY, March 3d, 1832, at 11 o'clock A. M. will be LET at Public Auction on the premises, for One Year from the 25th of said March, 14 Acres of the best Land, on this Island, situated near the Wind-mills, with a good Barn thereon, and belong[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] high't prize
[illegible] Parts in proportion.

FOR TICKETS AND PARTS,
Apply to the Old Truly Fortunate Office

J. C. SHAW.

LATE GOOD LUCK AT THE OLD OFFICE!!!

Sold Jan. 19th, Comb. 15 43 60, in Maine St. Lot. cl. 5. Qr. of $500
Jan. 20th, comb. 20 37 57 Maine St. class 8, ex. whole ticket, $80
Jan. 28th, comb. 6 13 37 Conn. Lot. class 44. Qr. of $300
Feb. 8th, comb. 7 16 57 R. I. Liter. Lot. class 36 Qr. of **$1,000**

J. C. SHAW.
Newport, Feb. 18.

Connecti Lottery, class 3
DRAWS THIS DAY.
$10,000 high't prize
40 Prizes of $1000.
Tickets $5—parts in proportion.

Maine St. Lottery, No. 21
DRAWS ON MONDAY.
$10,000 hig'st prize
Tickets $4—parts in proportion.

Connec. Lottery, cla. 2, ex
DRAWS ON TUESDAY
$10,000 high't prize
Tickets $4—part in proportion.

TICKETS AND PARTS.
May be had at the Lottery Office of

S. CAHOONE,

Newport, Feb. 18.

LIST of Combination Numbers, drawn in

R I Lit. Lottery, No. 37.
27 39 50 22 8 49 46 13

Connec. Lottery, No. 1, ex.
15 20 24 59 25 19 56 34 39

Maine State Lottery, class 19.
33 31 53 8 19 6 11 17 52

☞ **WANTED,**

A MAN to take charge of 10 or $5 Acres of Land, One and a half Acres of which is improved as a Garden. He must be well acquainted with Farming and Gardening.—A single man would be preferred.—Apply at the Office of the Mercury.

Newport, Jan. 14.

PRINTED CALICOES, FOR CASH.

Waterston Pray, & Co.
No. 6, Kilby-Street, BOSTON.
KEEPS CONSTANTLY FOR SALE,

A Great Variety of Printed CALICOES and Coloured Cambrics, which they sell in lots to suit purchasers a *very low prices for Cash only.*
Boston, Feb. 22, 1831.

Dr. Kittredge's VEGETABLE PULMONIC DROPS.

MR. DAM has recently received from one of the first families in this City, Dr Benjamin's Kittredge's Recipe for preparing his PULMONIC DROPS. As they were so well known in his practice, further comment is esteemed unnecessary. The reasons assigned for presenting this to him, were, that it might be continued for the benefit of the community. Several of the connexions of this family have been cured in a few weeks by using these invaluable Drops. They could not obtain the recipe from him on any other condition than [illegible]

[illegible] Dr. Jac[illegible] convin[illegible] over any [illegible] destroys even pin worms and the tape worm [illegible] Dr. River's powders for the Liver complaint is the only article known to have [illegible] this worst of all complaints; [illegible] for Warts on the hands—it entirely removes them without pain.

☞ For Sale, wholesale and retail, in Newport, by Dr. **R. R HAZARD**, near the State-House—also for sale, by James Taylor, S. W. Vinson, and Dr. A. P. Moore, and by Joseph W. Ellis, Thames-Street, Newport.—J. Hedley, Portsmouth.—Job Durfee, and J. T. Seabury, Four Corners, in Tiverton.—J. P. Simmons, Bristol—P. R. Reed & Co. Fall River—and by druggists in New-Bedford, Taunton, &c.
May 23, 1831.

DR. RIVERS' VEGETABLE POWDERS, IS A POSITIVE CURE FOR THE LIVER COMPLAINT.

MR. DAM, grateful for the patronage received from a liberal and enlightened public, in all his articles of Patent Medicines that he has issued, having a desire to continue his usefulness in this healing art, through the medium of the best of the faculty in other countries as well as this, is now induced to offer them the truly astonishing Vegetable Powders for the *LIVER COMPLAINT*, prepared from a private recipe from one of the first Physicians in the city of London. Mr. Dam obtained this recipe from a gentleman of New-York, who went to London expressly to obtain help, and this Physician cured him in three weeks after he arrived there, although his case was pronounced incurable by most of the faculty in New-York; he purchased the recipe, and [illegible] after he returned to New-York & cured [illegible] nephew of the same complaint, that was given over by all physicians who [illegible] side had grown out as thick as a man's hand. This statement no doubt will [illegible] to many who applied for the recipe, but would not pay the price required [illegible] fortunate holder. Mr. Dam is now the only person who has a right to make and vend this medicine in this country, and every [illegible] will be signed by him to prevent imposition. He can with confidence recommend [illegible] this invaluable medicine, as [illegible] with this disease in all parts of [illegible]. The Proprietor has [illegible] very low, [illegible] every person [illegible] opportunity [illegible] wholesale and retail [illegible] Boston by LEANDER DAM [illegible] cents per box.

☞ For sale, wholesale and retail, in Newport, by Dr. R. R HAZARD, near the State-House. Also by James Taylor, S. W. Vinson, and Dr. A. P. Moore, and by J. W. Ellis, in Thames-Street—Job Durfee, and J. T. Seabury, at the Four Corners, Tiverton.—J. Hedley, in Portsmouth; J. P. Simmons, Bristol; P. R. Reed & Co. Fall-River—and by druggists in Taunton, New-Bedford, &c. &c.
May 20, 1831.

1200 bushels white

Southern CORN, for Sale by
JOSHUA SAYER
Newport, Sept. 19

REMOVAL.

DR. R. R. HAZARD,

HAS Removed his *MEDICAL ESTABLISHMENT* from the Store formerly occupied by the late Charles Feke, to the Stand in his own House, the third East of said Feke's Store, and a few rods West of the State-House, Sign of the

GREAT **MORTAR**

WHERE HE OFFERS FOR SALE,
A very extensive Assortment of DRUGS. MEDICINES and DYE-STUFFS
Together with many of the most Valuable **Patent Medicines, Perfumery. &c. &c.**
Of the first quality, and on as good terms as can be obtained at any Store in Newport.

ALSO, Hull's, Stone's, and other Hernia TRUSSES.

[illegible] Chests, with plain directions [illegible] and family's use, put up [illegible]

[illegible]

N. E. Commercial Bank,

AT the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the N,E. Commercial Bank on Tuesday, Jan. 3d, 1832, the following gentlemen were appointed Directors for the year ensuing, viz:—David King, James B. Phillips, George Hall, Samuel Allen, Benjamin H. Tisdale, George Bowen, and Joshua Sayer.

And at a subsequent meeting of the Board of Directors, David King was re-elected President.

G. T. WEAVER, *Cashier.*
Newport, Jan. 7, 1832.

GOFF'S PATENT STOVE
For Cooking with Anthracite COAL,

THERE has hitherto been no Stove invented applicable to the use of Anthracite Coal with success in the operations of Cooking; they have all possessed the fault of imparting a scorching and too partial heat to the Oven; this disadvantage however, is entirely obviated in the one now offered to the public, by means of a revolving cylindrical Oven.

The Inventor has had one of them in use for two years, with great success, which has been inspected by many scientific persons, who have pronounced it to be the most complete and ingenous article of the kind, ever submitted to the attention of the public.—They may be viewed at the Work-shop of Mr. Chas. Sweet, on Gyles' Wharf, and after Tuesday next, in operation at the House of the Subscriber in Franklin-street, between the hours of 11 and 12.

THO'S EVANS.
Newport, Nov. 12.

WE the Subscribers having been appointed by the Hon Court of Probate for the Town of Newport, Commissioners to receive the claims of the Creditors against the Estate of

SAMUEL E. CHACE,

late of Newport, deceased, represented insolvent, and 18 months from the date hereof being allowed for receiving said claims, we will attend at the Store of Joseph Martin, on the 2d and 3d Saturdays in June, 1832, at 3 o'clock P. M. for the purpose aforesaid.

Isaac Taggart,
Joseph Martin,
Zenas Hammond. } *Commiss'rs*

All Persons indebted to said Estate, are requested to make immediate payment to
James Chase, *Adm'r.*
Portsmouth, Jan. 2, 1832.

FRESH TEAS.

GUNPOWDER, HYSON, Young Hyson, Pouchong and Souchong *TEAS*, of superior qualities,—Just Received from New-York, and for Sale at *REDUCED PRICES*, by
S. NEWTON,
No. 150, Thames-Street.
Newport, Jan. 14, 1832.

India Rubber Shoes.

TILLEY,
WILL OPEN THIS DAY.

MORE Ladies and Gentlemen's India Rubber Over SHOES.—He has Men's Beaver Gloves at 9d per pair, quite good—*ALSO*, A number of Gingham bags at 8 cents, containing about 2 yards, suitable for Comforters.
Newport, Jan. 7.

Pure Sperm OIL !

I WILL Sell from One to Fifty Bbls. pure [illegible]RM OIL, fall strained, and [illegible] above as warranted. will [illegible] pay all expences.—[illegible]ned Whale Oil, in [illegible]rm Candles, &c.—[illegible] or on time, by
JOSHUA SAYER.
[illegible] Oct. 1.

[illegible]

[illegible] &c. of [illegible] prices. He will continue the manufacture of Ink, Ink Powder, Blacking, Lemon Syrup, Soda Powders, Rochelle do. &c. as usual.
JOHN H. TAYLOR.
Providence, Oct, 20.

To be Sold, Cheap.

TEN iron bound Casks containing each from 350 to 375 gallons;—Also, a cordial copper still, and worm. And 25 casks of excellent Vinegar.—Apply at the Brewery.
THO'S EVANS.
Newport, Feb. 4.

Administrator's Notice.

THE Subscriber having been appointed Administrator on the Estate of Capt. *JAMES EASTON*, late of Newport, dec. he therefore requests all persons indebted to said Estate, to present their claims for settlement, and those indebted, to make immediate payment to
HENRY Y. CRANSTON, *Adm'r*
Newport, Nov. 7, 1831.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been duly appointed and taken upon himself the trust of Administrator on the Estate of
THOMAS POTTER,
late of Portsmouth, dec. by giving bond as the law directs. He therefore requests all persons having any demands on said Estate, to present the same for settlement; and all indebted, to make immediate payment to
THOMAS POTTER, *Adm'r.*
Portmouth, Sept. 14, 1831.

COMMISSIONERS NOTICE.

WE the Subscribers having been appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate for the Town of Portsmouth, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims of the Creditors against the Estate of *CHARLES SLOCUM*, Esq. late of Portsmouth, deceased, represented insolvent, and six months from the date hereof being allowed for receiving said claims, we will attend at our respective places of abode until the 14th day of May next, and will also meet to receive said claims at the house of Oliver D. Greene, in said Portsmouth, on the 2d Mondays of April and May next, at 9 o'clock A. M.

Thomas Cory, jun.
John Cross,
Parker Hall, 1st. } *Commiss'rs*

All persons indebted to said Estate, are requested to make immediate payment to
MARK A. SLOCUM, *Adm'r*
Portsmouth, Nov. 14, 1831.

NEW GOODS.

CIRCASSIANS.—English, German and French MARINOS,—Cassimeres, Sattinetts, &c.—Just Opened, & will be sold Cheap, at
TILLEY'S
Newport, Dec. 30.

Fall and Winter GOODS.

E F. NEWTON,
Has Just Returned from BOSTON, AND WILL OPEN THIS DAY,

18 CASES of Seasonable DRY GOODS, consisting of the most desirable selection ever offered in town. Purchasers are invited to look ! !
Newport, Saturday, Oct. 1st.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

Offers for Sale, on Lyon's Wharf,
50,000 ft. Boards Plank
30,0 Cedar SHINGLES.

ALSO, 7 Hhds. good retailing Molasses; Muscovado Sugar by the Bbl.—Cloves by the bag or less quantity—Holland's Gin and Cogniac Brandy by the bbl.—all of which will be sold Cheap for Cash, or approved credit—Apply to
Isaiah Crooker, Jr.
[illegible] Oct. 29.

[illegible]

A true Copy;—Witness,
B. B. HOWLAND. *Town-Clerk.*

TAX : FOR 1831

THE Subscriber, Collector of the Town TAX voted in June last, hereby gives notice, that he has commenced the collecting of said Tax, and respectfully requests all those indebted, to pay the same without delay, at No. 9, Market-square.
JOSEPH MARTIN.
Newport, Oct. 20, 1831.

THE LADY'S BOOK.—Published by L. A. GODEY & Co. Philadelphia.—The Work is issued in numbers on the first of every month, printed on fine paper and entire new type.

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☞ Subscriptions for the above work are received at this Office.
March 21, 1831

J. L. CLARK's

EXCHANGE,—168 Broadway, *Three Doors below Maiden-La*[illegible]

THE above Establishment has [illegible] gone into operation. Frequently ex[illegible]encing the many inconveniences that stra[illegible] are subject to in transacting their busin[illegible] this place, often in want of the convenienc[illegible] writing apparatus, and the means of asce[illegible]ing the different locations, &c. which they [illegible] be in pursuit of about the City and vicinit[illegible] have taken the liberty to give the pu[illegible] general invitation to consider themsel[illegible] home with me, while they remain in the [illegible] All the principal city papers, together [illegible] most of the New-England, and the pri[illegible] Southern and Western; and a fair assor[illegible] of foreign papers are conveniently arrang[illegible] the accommodation of the public. Any [illegible]ciations, or any business that may fall [illegible] line of a Stock and Exchange Broker, [illegible] attended to with fidelity, punctuality an[illegible]patch.

Any Commissions with which my [illegible] may favor me, will be complied with [illegible] full letter of their instructions. Please [illegible]
J. L. CLARK
168, Broadway, New-York, or at the co[illegible] Union Buildings, Provide[illegible]
Providence, June 15.

AMERICAN RAIL ROAD JOUR[illegible]

THE Subscriber proposes to pub[illegible] weekly Journal, to be called the [illegible]RICAN RAIL-ROAD JOURNAL.—A [illegible]pal object in offering the proposed work [illegible] public, is to diffuse a more general kno[illegible] of this important mode of internal comm[illegible]tion, which, at this time, appears to eng[illegible] attention of almost every section of our c[illegible]

The American Rail Road Journal [illegible] printed on a sheet of the largest size. [illegible] in a convenient form fo[illegible] ber to contain 16 large [illegible] columns each. The sele[illegible] subject of Railroads and other [illegible]provement, will be from [illegible] of Europe and America, [illegible] illustrated by engravi[illegible] will be devoted to th[illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] or $2 50 each [illegible] bought for any [illegible] advance. It [illegible]

[illegible]ect of the A[illegible] be addressed [illegible] part propr[illegible] D. K. MINO[illegible] No. 35, Wall-st[illegible]

At Tilley's,

JUST OPENED,
A PRIME assortment of [illegible] RUBBER OVER SHOES.
Newport, Jan. [illegible]

Court of Probate Newport, Jan. 2, [illegible]

THE Executors or Administrat[illegible] the following named Persons [illegible] and also all other Executors and A[illegible]trators whose Accounts have not be[illegible] tled with this Court within One Y[illegible] notified to appear at a Court of Pro[illegible] be holden at the State-House in Ne[illegible] on the first Monday in February [illegible] 9 o clock A. M. and shew cause w[illegible] have not settled their Accounts [illegible] Estates, viz:—

On Estates of Lydia Palmer; D[illegible] Garrison; Alden Hammond; Azub[illegible]gles; John Ferguson; Michael Mo[illegible] Solomon Townsend; Robert Seat[illegible]bez Denison; Ann Gardner; Sara[illegible]wood; John Bowers; Patience T[illegible] John Cook; Thomas Eldred; Isa[illegible]dard, jun.; Waity Manchester; M[illegible] Topham; John Fraser; Thomas W[illegible] Benjamin Reynolds; Sarah C. Bliss; [illegible] Boone; William Peckham; Mary B[illegible] Sarah White; Jedediah Irish; Mar[illegible]field; Elizabeth Duncan; John E[illegible] Wm. Crafts; Dan. Loughry; Nichol[illegible]ster; Sophia H. Phillips; El[illegible] Gyles; John Langley; Samuel Bl[illegible] John M. Babcock; Ann Winch; [illegible] Phillips; Hannah Chase; Dan[illegible] Boone; Mary B. Chase; Thomas Tow[illegible] William East; John Babcock; W[illegible] Greene; Mercy Adams; Thomas [illegible] Sarah Easton; Spooner Clarke; [illegible] Tom Langworthy; Jane Cassels [illegible]borah Wilbour; Joseph Lyon; [illegible] Carr; George Harkness; Josiah [illegible]wick; Ann M. Phillips; Jarvis P.[illegible] Elizabeth Peckham; Freelove S. M[illegible] Jane Deblois; Thomas M'Caully [illegible] Rathbone; Chris. Fowler; Wm. [illegible] Allan; Henry Hunter; Elizabeth C[illegible]hall; Rebecca Brenton; Elizabeth [illegible]

By Order,
B. B. HOWLAND, *Probate* [illegible]

THE Subscriber having several FA[illegible] in the District of Abbeville, situ[illegible] the upper part of the State of South-C[illegible] the Leases of which expire on the 1st [illegible] next, will give encouragement to ind[illegible] Families, or to a number of sober, ste[illegible] active Young Men, accustomed to Far[illegible] settle there.

The FARMS are of the first quality [illegible] producing the best Upland Cotton, [illegible] Indian Corn, Wheat, and other kinds [illegible] grain; are under good cultivation, wel[illegible]ed and well fenced, and the Buildings a[illegible] improvements thereon eligible—The [illegible] similar to that of the Northern States, [illegible]thy; the population numerous; the [illegible] general good; and the Lands not dista[illegible] Hamburg and Augusta, both places alw[illegible]dy money markets for the produce of th[illegible]tion of the Country.

For further particulars, apply to F[illegible] Henderson, jun Esq. Abbeville Cour[illegible] South-Carolina, or to
FRANCIS HENDE[illegible]
Newport, (RI.) August 20, 1831.